

THE FOLLOWING TOPICS CAN BE COVERED IN OUR PROGRAMMES

The courses, history and significance of the Great Trek

References are made to specific factors existing on the Eastern Frontier, the Great Trek [1836---1838] and the impact they had on the interior of Southern Africa.

The construction , symbolism and meaning of the Voortrekker Monument

Background is given on the building process 1937--1949 , material that was used and the objects built into the Monument to signify symbolic values. Also the significance of the Monument to the Afrikaans-speaking section of South Africa.

The tangible culture of the Voortrekkers

Objects are exhibited in the Cenotaph Hall and the museum which were used by the Voortrekkers during the Great Trek.

The essence of monuments and museums

The place of a monument and the importance of museums in preserving objects from the past.

Migrations in Southern Africa

Reference is made to the different indigenous groups living in the interior settlement patterns and the loss of land as a result of Voortrekker land occupation.

Tourism

Explanation of the Voortrekker Monument as a tourist attraction.

Archaeology

Reference to excavations of material and objects with Fort Schanskop as theme.

Aspects of the Anglo Boer War

Fort Schanskop is used as point of departure to explain the British invasion of Pretoria in June,1900.

The role of Fort Schanskop during the War

How the Fort was utilized by the British during the War, 1900--1902.

History / material culture of the Zulu

The Zulu hut and objects that were used by the Zulu people are physically demonstrated and touched by visitors.